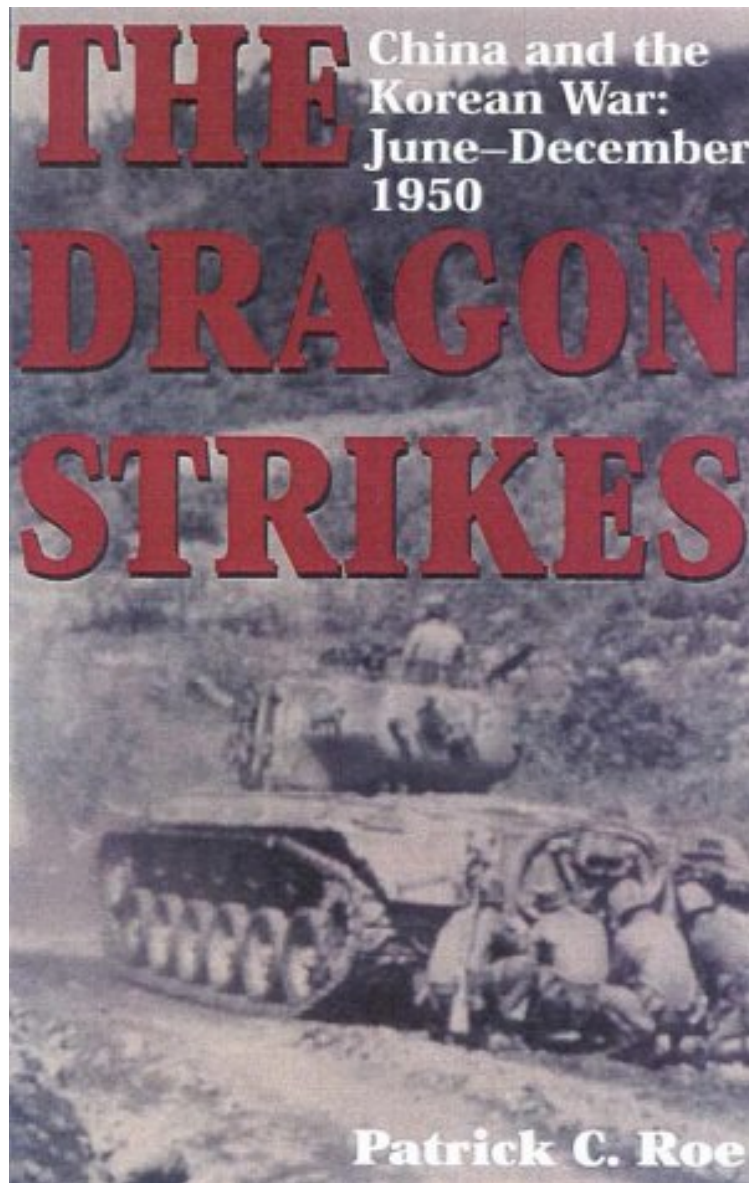


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The Dragon Strikes

Patrick Roe, Patrick C. Roe

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#974371 in Books Presidio Press 2000-06-15 2000-05-04Original language:EnglishPDF # 1 9.00 x 1.00 x 6.00l, #File Name: 0891417036432 pages | File size: 59.Mb

Patrick Roe, Patrick C. Roe : The Dragon Strikes before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised The Dragon Strikes:

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. One of my favoritesBy W. W. TurnbowThis book tends to get bogged down in politics, but has an appendix about the Red Chinese army that alone is well worth the cost of the book. It is written by a former intelligence officer who did his homework. I consider it, with its appendix of course, as

the best one book I have regarding the Korean War. 3 of 3 people found the following review helpful. Good English language overview of the Chinese military in Korea. By H. Williams "The Dragon Strikes" is a personal book about the Chinese Army during the first six months of the Korean war from the viewpoint of a former intelligence officer who served with the U.S. Marines during the Chosin reservoir campaign. The book reads easily, although it has been poorly edited and proofed, and may be viewed as an after action report written many years after the event. The notes and bibliography indicate that the sources are all English language and include some of the critical recent secondary works on the Korean War, with the core of the book relying heavily on military intelligence reports written by various levels in the U.S. chain of command. Although the book covers the buildup of the Chinese Army in Korea and the battles between the Chinese and Eighth Army in Northwest Korea, the complex battle between the various Chinese armies and the Eighth Army seems a bit confusing and lacks detail about Chinese troops in the battle. The real strength of the book are the chapters on the clash of X Corps and the Chinese Army in northeast Korea from the end of November through December 1950, particularly the clashes between the Chinese Army and the U.S. Marines. Here the clashes seem much more clearly delineated, and the fate of Chinese units and individual Chinese soldiers seems much more fleshed out. The effects of the cold weather on the poorly-equipped Chinese forces originating in eastern China are revealing. The appendix on the Chinese Communist Army also seems to be a good summary of the quality and sources of the men in the Chinese Army as well as the Army's logistics, general tactics, armaments, and strengths and weaknesses. As someone who has studied Korean history, I was disappointed by the short shrift given to both the North and South Korean militaries, and the occasional use of Japanese place names with no explanation. For example, the author takes note of the lack of heavy armament among the South Korean Divisions that were part of the Eighth Army, but does not note how quickly these divisions must have been thrown together, nor the lack of training and qualified officers in those units. Instead, he notes the Chinese lack of respect for them. Given the significant role played by the South Korean units in the Eighth Army sector, a few more sentences about the South Korean forces would have been appreciated. More significant are the use of the Japanese names, Chosin and Fusen, for the reservoirs in northeast Korea. Although the Koreans, Chinese and Japanese all use the same ideographs for these names, the Korean pronunciations (Changjin and Puchon using the author's romanization system), should at least be clearly indicated at first use in each chapter so that interested readers have some hope of finding the reservoirs in a modern atlas. Overall, I found the book a very interesting and thoughtful account, and especially useful in its coverage of U.S. military intelligence on the Chinese Army during this critical period in the Korean War. 27 of 27 people found the following review helpful. The Dragon and the Horses Mouth. By D.J. Call. Review of Roe, The Dragon Strikes. This is an important book for the serious student of military and political history and for the veterans of the "Forgotten War" - and of other conflicts large and small, before and since. It is a sober, serious carefully organized and closely written work. That should not be read as dull or difficult. It is simply and elegantly composed in terms immediately accessible to any interested reader. I would suggest that the reader first scan the final chapter (16), "Looking Back", for a contextual summary of the author's findings. After that, the Preface tells you who the author is and what motivates him. It is brief, simple and overly modest. From this point on the chapters develop an account ranging from the historical relationships of Asians and Europeans over the last 150 years, to the political aftermath of WW2, the overheated ideological confrontations of "super powers", and the willful - if not entirely intentional, misunderstandings that led up to and resulted in the tragic mishandling of the (multiplex) strategies and tactics of the Korean War. Although it is told in simple language, this is not a simple tale. Roe does not seek or dispense blame. The book is a painstaking and rigorously objective attempt to make sense of the cascade of misconceptions, missteps and faulty decisions that were the pivotal crises of the Korean "Police Action" and the tragedy of that still unresolved war. If the reader discerns incompetence, rampant egotism, chauvinist arrogance or just plain stupidity, these are revealed by the actors themselves, in the context of their actions, and not by the conjecture or "interpretation" of the author. My personal bias should be made clear. Like Pat Roe I am a member of the Chosin Few. As he was a young 2nd Lt. in the 7th Marine Regiment, I was a young Sgt. in the 5th Marines. I came to know him personally a dozen years or so ago. I respect and admire his clear-headed intelligence, his uncompromising - if polite - honesty, his unquestionable personal integrity and his ability to look calmly and objectively at the facts and to organize and present them lucidly, without adjective or adverbial coloring. Roe is known throughout the membership of the Chosin Few for his remark at the first reunion of that fraternity in 1985. On the heels of much in the way of rhetoric and reminiscence and the emotional impact of encountering old comrades and mourning those lost, Roe summarized his viewpoint and his feelings. He wrote simply, "We did a good thing". Pat has done a good and valuable thing in this book. In the Preface he writes that the book is a product of six years of research and writing. This is his only misstatement in 450 pages. The book is the product of fifty years of attention and devotion to duty.

One June 25, 1950, a massive surprise North Korean invasion sent Allied forces reeling back to a last-ditch defensive

perimeter around the far-southern port city Pusan.